MYEASOKO

Mwongozo

Understanding EAC rules of origin

Toleo 1.0 · Inatumika tangu 11 Oktoba 2026 · Msimbo wa uthibitishaji **D9SZ-ADJK**

Rules of origin determine whether a good is considered to originate in an EAC partner state and therefore qualifies for the intra-EAC preferential regime.

Why these rules exist

Rules of origin prevent a product imported from a third country from simply transiting through a partner state to benefit, without genuine processing, from the duty exemption applied to intra-EAC trade.

General criteria

EAC rules of origin generally combine criteria such as goods wholly obtained in a partner state, a change in tariff classification, or a minimum regional value-added threshold on processing. The precise criteria by product category, set out in the protocol's annex, are not reproduced here.

In practice

An exporter must be able to justify the origin of goods to obtain the corresponding EAC Certificate of Origin. If in doubt about a product's qualification, check with the competent national revenue authority and, if needed, the EAC Secretariat.

Vyanzo

1. EAC Customs Union, East African Community (eac.int) , iliangaliwa tarehe 11 Oktoba 2026
   https://www.eac.int/customs

> Hati ya taarifa inayotokana na vyanzo vilivyotajwa. Ni maandiko rasmi na maamuzi ya mamlaka husika pekee yanayoaminika kisheria. Hakiki toleo la sasa kwa msimbo wa QR.